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GARY PIERCE





ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

Arizona Corporation Commission

DOCKETED

SEP 0 4 2007

DOCKETED BY

DATE:

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SEPTEMBER 4, 2007

DOCKET NO:

W-01303A-05-0718

TO ALL PARTIES:

Enclosed please find the recommendation of Administrative Law Judge Teena Wolfe. The recommendation has been filed in the form of an Opinion and Order on:

ARIZONA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY (FINANCING)

Pursuant to A.A.C. R14-3-110(B), you may file exceptions to the recommendation of the Administrative Law Judge by filing an original and ten (10) copies of the exceptions with the Commission's Docket Control at the address listed below by <u>4:00</u> p.m. on or before:

SEPTEMBER 13, 2007

The enclosed is <u>NOT</u> an order of the Commission, but a recommendation of the Administrative Law Judge to the Commissioners. Consideration of this matter has <u>tentatively</u> been scheduled for the Commission's Working Session and Open Meeting to be held on:

SEPTEMBER 18, 2007 AND SEPTEMBER 19, 2007

For more information, you may contact Docket Control at (602) 542-3477 or the Hearing Division at (602) 542-4250. For information about the Open Meeting, contact the Executive Director's Office at (602) 542-3931.

BRIAN'C. McNEIL

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

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1 REFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION 2 COMMISSIONERS 3 MIKE GLEASON - Chairman WILLIAM A. MUNDELL JEFF HATCH-MILLER 5 KRISTIN K. MAYES **GARY PIERCE** 6 DOCKET NO. W-01303A-05-0718 IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF 7 ARIZONA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY FOR APPROVALS ASSOCIATED WITH A DECISION NO. 8 TRANSACTION WITH THE MARICOPA COUNTY MUNICIPAL WATER 9 CONSERVATION DISTRICT NUMBER ONE. OPINION AND ORDER 10 March 2, 2006 (Pre-hearing Conference); August 1, 2006, September 14, 2006 (Procedural DATE OF HEARING: 11 Conferences); December 21, 2006 and March 15, 12 2007 (Pre-hearing Conferences); March 19, 20, 21 and 26, 2007 (Hearing). 13 Phoenix, Arizona PLACE OF HEARING: 14 Teena Wolfe ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: 15 Kristin K. Mayes, Commissioner, Arizona APPEARANCES: 16 **Corporation Commission** 17 Keith A. Layton, Kevin Torrey and Charles Hains, Staff Attorneys, Legal Division, on behalf 18 of the Arizona Corporation Commission's Utilities Division: 19 Scott Wakefield, Chief Counsel, and Daniel 20 Pozefsky, Staff Counsel, on behalf of the Residential Utility Consumer Office; 21

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Craig A. Marks, CRAIG A. MARKS, P.L.C., on

Michele L. Van Quathem, RYLEY, CARLOCK & APPLEWHITE, P.A., on behalf of Pulte

Jeffrey W. Crockett and Bradley S. Carroll, SNELL & WILMER, L.L.P., on behalf of CHI

Construction Company, Inc., Courtland Homes, Inc., Taylor Woodrow/Arizona, Inc., and Fulton

behalf of Arizona-American Water Company;

Homes Corporation;

Homes Corporation;

QUARLES

on

BRADY

behalf

Franklyn D. Jeans, BEUS GILBERT, P.L.L.C.,

on behalf of Suburban Land Reserve, Inc. and

Brian J. Schulman and Melissa Goldenberg,

GREENBERG TRAURIG, on behalf of Trend

Michael W. Patten and Timothy J. Sabo,

ROSHKA, DEWULF & PATTEN, P.L.C., on behalf of Maricopa County Municipal Water

Sorenson,

Conservation District Number One.

Westcor/Surprise, L.L.C.; and

LANG.

Fulton Homes Corporation;

Homes:

Derek L.

STREICH

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BY THE COMMISSION:

I. PROCEDURAL HISTORY

INITIAL APPLICATION A.

On October 11, 2005, Arizona-American Water Company ("Arizona-American" or "Company") filed with the Arizona Corporation Commission ("Commission") the above-captioned application. The application requested certain approvals associated with a transaction with the Company's Agua Fria Water District and the Maricopa County Municipal Water Conservation District Number One ("MWD") in order to enable the Company to obtain treatment of a portion of the Company's Central Arizona Project ("CAP") water allocation at a planned regional water treatment facility. The October 2005 application stated that MWD proposed to construct a regional water-treatment facility known as the White Tanks Regional Water Treatment Facility to treat surface water delivered over CAP facilities. In association with the planned transaction with MWD, the Company requested Commission approval of the issuance of evidence of indebtedness in the amount of approximately \$37,414,000 for a 40-year capital lease obligation with an interest rate of 275 basis points over the long-term Treasury Bond rate; approval of the transfer of certain assets to MWD; and approval of proposed increases to and extension of the Company's existing Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff assessed to new-home construction. In association with the capital lease, the Company also sought Commission approval of its proposed ratemaking treatment and recovery method for capital and operating costs, and a prudence finding.

By Procedural Order issued December 19, 2005, a procedural schedule was set for the

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processing of the application, which included a hearing on the application, public notice requirements, and intervention deadlines. The Residential Utility Consumer Office ("RUCO") requested and was granted intervention. No other intervention requests were filed at that time. On February 10, 2006, RUCO filed direct testimony on the October 11, 2005 application, and the Commission's Utilities Division Staff ("Staff") filed a Staff Report on the October 11, 2005 application.

On March 2, 2006, at the Pre-Hearing Conference, the Company indicated that issues had arisen between the Company and MWD, and requested that the procedural schedule in this matter be suspended pending their resolution. By Procedural Order issued March 2, 2006, the Company's request to suspend the procedural schedule was granted.

B. REVISED APPLICATION

Following the March 2, 2006, suspension of the procedural schedule, the Company filed several status reports. A Procedural Conference was convened on August 1, 2006. The Company, RUCO and Staff attended and discussed procedural issues related to the processing of the Company's application.

On September 1, 2006, the Company filed a Revised Application in this docket. The Revised Application indicates that the Company plans to construct a White Tanks Regional Water Treatment Facility ("White Tanks Project"), not in association with MWD. The Revised Application requests, for the Company's Agua Fria District, relief in the form of an adjustment to its existing Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee for new home construction. The Revised Application also requests accounting orders related to the planned water treatment facility, and requests that the Company be ordered to make certain associated filings as a part of its previously-ordered 2008 rate case filing for its Agua Fria District.

On October 27, 2006, Staff filed a Staff Report and Staff Recommended Order, recommending approval of the Company's proposed hook-up fee and accounting order as requested in the Revised Application.

Between October 23, 2006 and December 6, 2006, Applications to Intervene in this proceeding were filed by Pulte Homes Corporation ("Pulte"), CHI Construction Company, Inc.

("CHI"), Courtland Homes, Inc. ("Courtland"), Taylor Woodrow/Arizona Inc. ("Taylor Woodrow"), Trend Homes, Inc. ("Trend"), Fulton Homes Corporation ("Fulton"), Suburban Land Reserve, Inc. ("Suburban"), and Westcor/Surprise, LLC ("Westcor/Surprise") (jointly, "Developers").

On November 8, 2006, MWD filed an Application for Leave to Intervene. Initially, the Company opposed MWD's intervention, but withdrew its opposition in its November 29, 2006 Request for Expedited Hearing.

The hearing in this matter convened as scheduled on March 19, 2007, before an authorized Administrative Law Judge of the Commission, and concluded on March 26, 2007. The parties appeared through counsel, presented testimony, and cross-examined witnesses.

Following the hearing, on March 28, 2007, MWD filed Late-Filed Exhibits D-52 and D-53. Arizona-American, Pulte, Trend, CHI, Courtland, Taylor/Woodrow, Fulton, Suburban, Westcor, MWD, RUCO, and Staff filed closing briefs, and Arizona-American, CHI, Courtland, Taylor/Woodrow, Trend, MWD, and RUCO filed reply briefs. On April 30, 2007, Arizona-American filed a Supplement to Reply Brief. The matter was subsequently taken under advisement pending the submission of a Recommended Opinion and Order to the Commission.

II. POSITIONS OF THE PARTIES

A. ARIZONA-AMERICAN

Arizona-American states that continued reliance solely on groundwater in its Agua Fria Water District would be imprudent due to accelerated groundwater level declines, land subsidence, declining well production rates, and the increasing number of wells not meeting Safe Drinking Water Act water quality standards (Revised Application, Exh. A-2 at 3-4). The Regional Water Supply Plan released by WESTCAPS¹ in April 2001 concluded that the area's water suppliers should maximize use of CAP water and other surface water resources, and recommended the construction of regional treatment facilities to treat that water (Exh. A-2 at 4-5).

¹ According to the mission statement on its website, "WESTCAPS is a coalition of CAP subcontractors most of whom serve drinking water to communities in the west Salt River Valley. WESTCAPS' mission is to develop workable alternatives for its members to provide their customers with a cost effective, sustainable, reliable, and high quality water supply through partnerships and cooperative efforts in regional water resource planning and management, emphasizing CAP utilization" (See http://www.westcaps.org/public/default.cfm). The website lists Arizona-American as a member of WESTCAPS, and lists MWD as an advisor to WESTCAPS.

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Arizona-American holds a CAP water subcontract for 11,093 acre-feet per year, and has designed the White Tanks Project to treat CAP water for distribution to its customers in its Agua Fria District (Id.). The Company has a construction contract in place for construction of the plant (Direct Testimony of Joseph E. Gross, Exh. A-4 at 4) and permitting of Phase I of the plant is essentially complete (Exh. A-2 at 6). The White Tanks Project is designed to treat 13.5 million gallons per day ("MGD") in Phase I(a). It is expandable to 20 MGD in Phase I(b) with the addition of one more treatment-unit train, and eventually the White Tanks Project can accommodate the addition of three additional 20 MGD phases, for a total treatment capacity of 80 MGD at the 45-acre plant site (Id. at 5-6). Arizona-American purchased the White Tanks Project site in 2002 after WESTCAPS identified the site for a treatment facility based on its canal location and its proximity to multiple water provider service areas (Id. at 5).

Arizona-American's witness testified that the Company has spent more than six million dollars for land acquisition, the completed design, permitting, company labor and overhead, and has spent over ten million dollars on a completed thirteen mile long north-south water transmission main which will deliver treated water from the White Tanks Project to other transmission mains located throughout the Agua Fria District service area (Exh. A-4 at 5). Arizona-American projects that the White Tanks Project will be needed in May 2009 to meet expected customer demand for summer 2009 (Id. at 6).

1. Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee

The Company requests that the Commission increase the existing Water Facilities Hook-Up Fees applicable in the Company's Agua Fria Water District, based on the fair-value finding for the Agua Fria District in Decision No. 67093 (June 30, 2004), as follows:

22	·	Existing	Proposed
23		Water Facilities	Water Facilities
24	<u>Meter Size</u>	<u>Hook-Up Fee</u>	Hook-Up Fee
	5/8 x 3/4-inch	\$ 1,150	\$ 3,280
25	3/4-inch	1,725	4,920
	1-inch	2,875	8,200
26	1 1/2-inch	5,750	16,400
20	2-inch	9,200	26,240
27	3-inch	18,400	52,480
	4-inch	28,750	82,000
28	6-inch or larger	57,500	164,000

Arizona-American believes that its proposal to finance the White Tanks Project with hook-up fees, which will be treated as contributions in aid of construction ("CIAC"), is equitable because customer growth is largely driving the need for the plant (Surrebuttal Testimony of Thomas M. Broderick, Exh. A-7 at 7). The Company asserts that the amount of the hook-up fee increase it is requesting is reasonable because it is in line with fees charged by West Valley municipal water providers (See Exh. A-2 at 9-10; See also Direct Testimony of Mike Brilz, Exh. P-1 at 5 and attached Exhibit). 2.

Accounting Requests

Post-in-Service Allowance for Funds Used During Construction

Arizona-American requests that the Commission authorize the Company to record post-inservice AFUDC on the excess of the construction cost of the White Tanks Project (including development, site acquisition, design, company labor, overheads, and AFUDC) over the amount of directly related hook-up fees collected through December 31, 2013, or the date that rates become effective subsequent to a rate case that includes 80 percent (based on estimated cost) of the White Tanks Project in rate base, whichever comes first.

The application states that when the plant is completed, there will still be a significant shortage between capital expenses and hook-up fees (Exh. A-2 at 11). The Company requests the ability to book post-in-service AFUDC in order to keep it whole on its investment until such time that the accumulated hook-up fees are sufficient to fund the entire plant balance. This treatment will not affect customer rates because the additional post-in-service AFUDC will later be completely offset by hook-up fee funds.

b. Rate Base – Excess Contribution Exclusion

Arizona-American requests authorization to exclude from rate base the contribution balance of hook-up fees directly related to the White Tanks Project collected subsequent to the effective date of a decision in this case over the aggregate of (1) construction expenditures (including development, site acquisition, design, company labor, overheads, and AFUDC) for the same period that are included in rate base and (2) any costs deemed imprudently incurred from contributions used to

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calculate rate base until December 31, 2013.

The Company states that because construction work in progress ("CWIP") is not typically included in rate base, the collected hook-up fees should not be considered to be CIAC until a corresponding amount of plant, funded by hook-up fees, enters service (Exh. A-2 at 11). Otherwise, the CIAC balance would grow faster than rate base, causing rate base to decline rapidly as hook-up fees are collected, only to then bounce back as plant enters service (*Id.*).

3. 2008 Rate Filing Requirements

a. Revised Hook-Up Fee Proposal

Arizona-American requests that the Commission require Arizona-American, as part of its 2008 Agua Fria rate case filing, to include a proposal to adjust the Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff, based on information known to that date, including:

- 1) Actual to-date and remaining plant costs;
- 2) The effects of any third-party treatment contracts;
- 3) Actual hook-up fee collections;
- 4) Revised projected customer additions and meter preferences; and
- 5) Future Agua Fria Water District capital requirements.

The Company states that this will allow the Commission to reset the hook-up fees as necessary, based on the best information available at the time.

b. Operation and Maintenance ("O&M") Expense Recovery Mechanism

Arizona-American requests that the Commission require Arizona-American, as part of its 2008 Agua Fria rate case filing, to include a proposed mechanism, similar to the Commission's arsenic cost recovery mechanism ("ACRM") procedure, to defer and subsequently recover O&M expense incurred for the White Tanks Project until such expenses can be placed in base rates.

The Company estimates that the O&M costs for the White Tanks Project will be approximately \$1.5 million per year, base on current media, electricity, and other costs.

4. MWD Treatment Facility

Arizona-American requests that the Commission find that it would be imprudent for Arizona-

American, instead of building its own water treatment facility, to purchase treatment services from MWD at the water treatment facility MWD has proposed in this proceeding. Arizona-American disagrees with MWD's assertion that its plant will cost less than Arizona-American's, and believes that MWD's cost estimate is seriously flawed. In addition, Arizona-American states that the proposed MWD plant site would require Arizona-American to construct additional interconnection facilities, which would increase Arizona-American's costs.

The Company calculates that MWD proposal to build a treatment plant and have Arizona-American purchase treatment capacity would require a large rate increase (an additional \$21.07/month) for all of Arizona-American's customers (Surrebuttal Testimony of Thomas Broderick, Exh. A-7 at 6). Arizona-American argues that if it were to purchase capacity from MWD and construct the additional facilities that would be required to make such a purchase possible, the Company would have to file a rate application in order to recover the increased costs (*Id.* at 7-8), and would experience regulatory lag in the cost recovery.

Arizona-American argues that MWD's assertions that building the plant with hook-up fee financing would harm the Company's financial strength are speculative and not supported by the evidence in this proceeding. The Company also disagrees with MWD's opinion that the hook-up fee proposal would violate the fair value requirement of the Arizona Constitution, and points out that the Company is seeking to increase the amount of the current hook-up fee, which was initiated outside a rate case, based on the fair value finding in Decision No. 67093 (June 30, 2004). The Company states that its proposal to finance the White Tanks Project with hook-up fees places the costs on new customers, whose addition to the system is causing the need for the plant. Arizona-American believes this is preferable to placing the costs on both existing and new customers, which it asserts would be the result if Arizona-American were to purchase treatment capacity from an MWD plant (Id. at 7).

The Company is also concerned with the possibility that a capacity commitment for a large portion of an MWD plant would require the agreement to be treated as a capital lease, in which case the lease asset would be included in rate base to recover the asset as well as lease costs, further exacerbating the rate burden on customers and the regulatory lag impact on the Company (Co. Br. at

20-21).

Arizona-American further asserts in support of its position that the proposed MWD plant has yet to be designed; MWD's proposed construction schedule is overly optimistic and unreliable due to the conceptual nature of the proposed plant; Arizona-American would not be the operator of MWD plant; MWD's irrigation wells would not provide back-up water drinking water supplies without extensive additional treatment costs; the proposed MWD plant site would eventually require costly expansion of the Beardsley Canal; MWD lacks experience in designing, operating, or constructing potable water treatment facilities; MWD has not acquired customers for its proposed plant; and MWD has no obligation to construct the plant and is not subject to the Commission's jurisdiction (*Id.* at 21-28).

Arizona-American also states that requiring Arizona-American to deal with MWD would put the Company in a disadvantageous bargaining position (*Id.* at 28-29). Arizona-American opposes each item of relief requested by MWD in this proceeding.

B. MWD

MWD states that it has a demonstrated history of providing essential and reliable water and electric services at low cost, and asserts that it will bring its record of service of more than 75 years to its plans to construct a regional water treatment plant for Phoenix's West Valley. MWD asserts that its service area is rapidly changing, that it must adapt in order to continue to fulfill its purpose of serving its landowners, and that part of MWD's response to the changes in its service area is construction of a regional surface water treatment plant. MWD states that it plans to utilize the plant to treat its own Agua Fria surface water, which must be used for the benefit of the landowners of MWD.

MWD's witness testified that MWD will build the plant regardless of other customers it may serve (Surrebuttal Testimony of James R. Sweeney, Exh. D-46 at 3). MWD states that it would provide treatment services to Arizona-American for the Company's CAP allocation if it reaches an agreement with Arizona-American. MWD has not finalized any service contracts, but its witness testified that MWD is in "an advanced state of discussions" with the City of Goodyear, which has given a verbal commitment to the project, subject to working out a satisfactory contract, to treat that

city's CAP allocation (Direct Testimony of James R. Sweeney, Exh. D-45 at 5). MWD states that it will contract with other water providers in the area who desire treatment services (*Id.*).

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MWD's surface water (MWD Reply Br. at 8), but argues that its planned plant will cost less than the plant proposed by Arizona-American (MWD Br. at 9-11). MWD asserts that its plant will have lower construction costs, lower operating costs, and lower financing costs than Arizona-American. MWD also states that it would provide a "landowner credit" to reduce customers' bills (*Id.* at 9). MWD argues on brief that its proposed larger plant site will allow a larger buffer area than Arizona-American's proposed site (*Id.* at 12-13).

MWD disagrees with Arizona-American regarding the rate impact on Arizona-American's customers if Arizona-American were to purchase capacity from an MWD regional plant as opposed to going forward with its own plans for constructing the White Tanks Project. MWD disputes the assumptions in Arizona-American's analysis regarding MWD recovery of its capital costs (*See* Tr. at 217-218: Tr. at 485); regarding the date MWD plant would come on line (*See* Tr. at 218-219; Surrebuttal Testimony of James P. Albu, Exh. D-44 at 7); regarding the amount of land costs that MWD would recover in its charges for treatment services (*See* Tr. at 219; Tr. at 577-78, 221-222, Exh. D-7); and regarding the additional cost to Arizona-American related to use of MWD's plant instead of Arizona-American's White Tanks Project (*See* Tr. at 222-223; Exh. D-44 at 8; Tr. at 142; Exh D-4; Tr. at 125-128). MWD asserts that access to its Agua Fria surface water will be available only at MWD plant (*See* Tr. at 55), and therefore, Arizona-American will be required to build facilities to access MWD's Agua Fria that surface water in any event. In its reply brief, MWD posits that if Arizona-American purchases Agua Fria surface water from MWD, the parties can work together to minimize use of the 60 groundwater wells owned by MWD, but that "[t]he opportunity will be lost if Arizona-American goes it alone and builds a separate plant" (MWD Reply Br. at 9).

MWD argues that Arizona-American's plan to construct the plant will lower the Company's equity ratio, and will result in high levels of contributed plant (MWD Opening Br. at 14-15). Based on its view that no hook-up fees are necessary, MWD asserts that it would not be just and reasonable to require increased hook-up fees. MWD also argues that the proposed hook-up fee proposal is not

revenue neutral, that the hook-up fees are "rates" and that the Commission cannot adopt Arizona-American's proposed hook-up fee without a fair value finding. MWD does not seem opposed to the concept of a hook-up fee; however, as it suggests that the Commission could approve a hook-up fee to cover the extra cost Arizona-American claims it would incur to purchase treatment capacity from MWD instead of building its own plant (MWD Reply Br. at 11).

In its closing brief, MWD alleges that Arizona-American is violating its existing hook-up fee tariff when it requires developers to contribute wells or collect advances for offsite projects (*Id.* at 19). MWD is also opposed to Arizona-American's requested accounting orders on the grounds that they are "unprecedented" (*Id.*).

MWD requests that the Commission grant it the following relief:

- 1) Deny Arizona-American's request to increase its hook-up fee;
- 2) Deny Arizona-American's request for an accounting order to accrue AFUDC;
- 3) Deny Arizona-American's request for an accounting order to delay recognition of CIAC until related plant is in service;
- 4) Deny Arizona-American's request that it be ordered to include a proposal for an O&M Expense Adjustor in its next rate case for its Agua Fria division;
- 5) Authorize Arizona-American to reflect the margin credit proposed by MWD on the bills for Arizona-American's Agua Fria Division;
- 6) Direct Arizona-American to cooperate in developing and administering the margin credit program;
- 7) Order Arizona-American to account for all advances and contributions it has received for off-site facilities beyond those collected through its off-site hook-up fee after that tariff went into effect;
- 8) Order Arizona-American to refund all advances and contributions it has received for off-site facilities beyond those collected through its off-site hook-up fee after that tariff went into effect; and
- 9) If the Commission grants any of Arizona-American's requests, then in the alternative, MWD requests that, in order to protect Arizona-American's customers, the Commission order the following:
 - A) Any hook-up fees collected by Arizona-American should be subject to refund, should the Commission determine in a rate case that lower fees are

appropriate, or should the courts find the fee increase to be invalid;

- B) To guarantee Arizona-American's ability to make the refund, it should be ordered to post a bond in the amount of the estimated hook-up fee collections for the next five years;
- C) The Commission should make clear that O&M costs for Arizona-American's plant will be evaluated under the Commission's traditional ratemaking methods;
- D) The Commission should rule that no portion of the cost of Arizona-American's plant will be allowed in rate base; and
- E) The Commission should rule that it will not allow an increased cost of capital due to financial weakness caused by Arizona-American building the plant.

C. DEVELOPERS

1. Stipulation Regarding Paid Hook-Up Fees

Courtland, Taylor Woodrow, CHI, Trend, and Arizona-American stipulated that Arizona-American will not impose or seek to impose higher hook-up fees on the following developer projects, for which Arizona-American has entered into Water Facilities Line Extension Agreements ("LXAs") which are at operational acceptance for purposes of the LXAs, and for which the developers have already paid hook-up fees under Arizona-American's existing hook-up fee tariff: Greer Ranch North (Courtland), Sycamore Farms (Taylor Woodrow), Sarah Ann Ranch (CHI), and Cortessa (Trend). The parties further stipulate that any future true-ups to hook-up fees already paid for those developer projects will be based on the Commission-approved tariff that existed at the time the original payment was made. The above-described stipulation was admitted to the record in this proceeding as Hearing Exhibit A-1 ("Stipulation").

CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow disagree with the statement in MWD's closing brief that adoption of the Stipulation "will result in hook-up fees not being collected from many properties - the same properties that will be the first to develop." CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow assert that MWD's statement is inaccurate, and that the Stipulation will not result in Arizona-American foregoing revenue to which it otherwise would have been entitled.

Trend also disagrees, stating that the result of the Stipulation would not be to waive collection

of hook-up fees, as claimed by MWD, but that it simply provides clarification for developers who have already paid 100 percent of the required hook-up fees.

We find the terms of the Stipulation entered by with CHI, Courtland, Taylor Woodrow, Trend, and the Company to be reasonable, because they provide clarification for the Company and for developers who have already paid 100 percent of the required hook-up fees.

2. CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow

CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow are all currently developing projects in Arizona-American's Agua Fria District, and have each entered into LXAs with Arizona-American for the provision of water utility service to their projects. CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow agree that there is an immediate need and necessity for the proposed surface water treatment plant, but take no position on whether Arizona-American or MWD should construct the plant or operate the plant.

CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow request that the Commission's Decision in this matter reflect that Arizona-American may not charge them new hook-up fees to the extent that they have already paid hook-up fees based upon Arizona-American's existing tariff pursuant to the terms of their respective LXAs or other agreements.

CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow also request that the Commission address, in this Decision, three additional issues related to water supply for developers. They request that the Commission preclude Arizona-American from instituting a new service moratorium and require Arizona-American to set meters in circumstances where the developer has supplied the required water to serve the increased demand of a new project.

CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow also request that the Commission order Arizona-American to use its best efforts to work with MWD to obtain both short-term and permanent water supplies to negate (where possible) the requirement that additional wells must be drilled during construction of the surface water treatment plant and thereafter.

Lastly, CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow request that the Commission order Arizona-American to review its existing LXAs and other agreements in the Agua Fria District which require developers to drill new wells in order to determine whether the agreements should be amended to reduce the number of required wells.

It is reasonable to require the Company to address the three issues related to water supply raised by CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow set forth above.

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3. **Trend**

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Trend is currently in the process of building homes on lots located in Arizona-American's Agua Fria District, and has paid hook-up fees in association with its development project. Trend requests that the Commission confirm the terms of the Stipulation. As stated above, we find the terms of the Stipulation reasonable.

> 4. Fulton, Suburban and Westcor/Surprise

Fulton is currently developing a portion of a master-planned community known as Prasada, located in Arizona-American's Agua Fria District. Suburban and Westcor/Surprise are developing a mix of retail centers, a regional shopping center, an auto mall, office complexes, medical facilities, neighborhood grocery and service retail centers, and some medium- to high-density residential components located in Arizona-American's Agua Fria District. Fulton, Suburban and Westcor/Surprise agree that there is an immediate need and necessity for the proposed surface water treatment plant, but take no position on whether Arizona-American or MWD should construct the plant or operate the plant.

Fulton, Suburban and Westcor/Surprise take the position that regardless of when the plant becomes operational, Arizona-American should be precluded from instituting a new service hook-up moratorium on any project where the developer provides the "wet" water supply for the particular project pursuant to an LXA between Arizona-American and a developer. They make the same request as CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow that the Commission's Decision in this proceeding preclude Arizona-American from instituting a new service moratorium in such circumstances, and that the Decision order Arizona-American to continue to set meters at any development that has provided the required water supply for such development pursuant to the terms of the LXA or other agreement between Arizona-American and the developer.

Fulton, Suburban and Westcor/Surprise join CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow in their request that the Commission order Arizona-American to use its best efforts to work with MWD to obtain both short-term and permanent water supplies to negate (where possible) the requirement that

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additional wells must be drilled during construction of the surface water treatment plant and thereafter.

Fulton, Suburban and Westcor/Surprise also join CHI, Courtland, and Taylor Woodrow in their request that the Commission order Arizona-American to review its existing LXAs and other agreements in the Agua Fria District which require developers to drill new wells in other to determine if the agreements should be amended to reduce the number of required wells.

Fulton, Suburban and Westcor/Surprise further request that Arizona-American be ordered to review, in conjunction with its review of existing LXAs and before Arizona-American requires developers to drill new wells, less costly alternatives for the utility to supply water for new developments to minimize and otherwise supplant the number of new wells that will need to be drilled in the Agua Fria District, with such review to include the proposed 3.5 mile contingency pipeline alternative in relation to the requirement for new wells to be drilled in the southern portion of the Agua Fria District.

The witness for Suburban and Westcor/Surprise testified that in order to meet the current requirements of Arizona-American and MWD, it must drill nine new potable wells in an area where there is poor water quality and capacity (Surrebuttal Testimony of Scott Wagner at 4). Suburban and Westcor/Surprise believe this is attributable to the lack of coordinated effort in the region. Fulton, Suburban and Westcor/Surprise request that the Commission order Arizona-American to coordinate with all interested parties in a regional planning process to assist the Commission in addressing groundwater issues in conjunction with construction of the surface water treatment plant.

The additional requests made by Fulton, Suburban and Westcor/Surprise in regard to water supply issues are reasonable, and we will require the Company to address the two additional issues set forth above.

5. Pulte

Pulte is developing or building homes in several locations in Arizona-American's Agua Fria Water District. Pulte states that it supports the expedited construction of a surface water treatment facility in the West Valley. Pulte takes the position that if the hook-up fee request is granted, the amount should not exceed Staff's proposed graduated fees starting at \$3,280 for a 5/8 x 3/4 - inch

meter.

Pulte also requested, on brief, that the Commission require Arizona-American to insert new language in its tariff to indicate that the hook-up fee changes effective in 2007 will not be charged retroactively, and requiring that hook-up fees be offset by the cost of the off-site facilities (non-distribution facilities) contributed to Arizona-American. Arizona-American responds that the issue of offsetting hook-up fees by the cost of off-site facilities is presently resolved on a case-by-case basis in each developer's LXA. The Company states that the LXA specifies the amount of hook-up fee credit to be applied, if any, and that the LXA is then submitted to the Commission for approval. Arizona-American does not believe that a blanket requirement of a hook-up fee offset is appropriate. The Company argues that alteration of the Company's administration of its hook-up fee offsets is not appropriate in this case, because the issue was not noticed in this proceeding and no evidence has been submitted on the issue.

We agree with Arizona-American that there was not sufficient evidence presented on this issue to inform a determination on whether Pulte's request for mandatory hook-up fee offsets should be granted. We note that processes currently exist to aid parties in coming to a resolution of issues in dispute between Pulte and the Company. If parties to an LXA are unable to come to an agreement on LXA issues, the parties may avail themselves of the Commission's informal dispute resolution processes, or may resort to the filing of a formal complaint, if necessary.

D. RUCO

RUCO supports Commission approval of Arizona-American's hook-up fee proposal outlined in the Revised Application to finance the cost of the White Tanks Project. RUCO believes the proposal is in the ratepayers' best interests and is fair to the Company. In support of its position, RUCO states that the Company needs to serve its customers; construction of a treatment plant is necessary to meet the Company's service requirements; the Company is unable to finance the plant at this time; and financing the plant through hook-up fees, which will be treated CIAC, is a cost-free source of financing, which has the effect of lowering customer rates because CIAC is not placed in rate base.

Of the two hook-up fee options proposed by the Company, RUCO prefers the second option,

which would start at \$4,700 for a 5/8 by 3/4-inch meter, because it would result in smaller accruals of AFUDC, which temporarily flows into customers' rates. RUCO does not object to Arizona-American's proposal to seek, in its upcoming 2008 rate case filing, adjustments to the hook-up fees and a mechanism for recovery of O&M costs, but requests that if the Commission approves this proposal, that the Decision indicate that the Commission is not predetermining the appropriateness of any such hook-up fee modifications or O&M cost recovery mechanism.

RUCO states that it has no objection to the issuance of an accounting order as requested by the Company, and that it does not object to the Company seeking adjustments to the hook-up fees and a mechanism to recover O&M costs for the White Tanks Project in its 2008 rate case.

RUCO opposes MWD's request to deny the Company's hook-up fee proposal, arguing that the Company, not MWD, is responsible for building the plant necessary to serve its customers. RUCO states that in the event the Commission grants the Company's hook-up fee requests, RUCO does not object to conditions 9(A) and (B) as proposed by MWD. RUCO objects to the remaining conditions proposed by MWD (9(C-E)) on approval of a hook-up fee, based on RUCO's belief that the Commission should not determine the issues raised by those proposed conditions outside of a rate case.

RUCO asserts that MWD's request that the Commission compare the Company's and MWD's cost estimates should be rejected as unreasonable and contrary to ratemaking principles. RUCO states that MWD's request constitutes a request for a prudence determination. RUCO argues that the Commission need not, and should not, determine the prudence of the Company's decision to build the White Tanks Project in this proceeding. RUCO argues that while evidence was presented in this proceeding regarding estimated costs, and regarding the parties' respective motivations for building the plant, it is the Company, and not MWD, which is responsible for serving the Company's customers. RUCO is concerned that MWD, as an entity not regulated by the Commission, is not subject to the Commission's oversight, either for the rates it will charge or for future disposal of the plant. RUCO points out that if Arizona-American were to purchase capacity from a plant built by MWD instead of building the plant itself, MWD would have greater bargaining power than the Company, because it would be the sole source of treatment capacity for the area. RUCO states that

this situation could lead to unnecessarily high rates for Arizona-American's customers.

E. STAFF

Staff believes that the Commission needs to decide only a single issue in this matter: whether to grant Arizona-American's application to fund construction of a surface water treatment facility through an increase in hook-up fees for the Company's Agua Fria Water District. The Agua Fria Water District is located in an Active Management Area ("AMA"), which makes use of surface water to serve this territory an attractive option for the Company, provided the treatment can be accomplished economically. Staff evaluated the Company's application and determined that Arizona-American's proposal for constructing and financing the plant is a viable proposal. Staff is recommending approval of the Company's requested relief.

Staff therefore believes it is unnecessary for the Commission to consider the evidence and analysis presented by MWD regarding its estimates of which entity can more economically build a water treatment facility because MWD is not regulated by the Commission. Staff argues that not only is such consideration of the economic comparison unnecessary, but that it would be inappropriate. Staff points out that the current dispute has come about due to non-cooperation between two competing utility interests, one of which is not regulated. Staff argues that under these circumstances, a Commission determination on the basis of waste to the general public finances would be a very difficult standard to enforce in a regulatory scheme based upon regulated monopolies.

Staff argues that a comparison of MWD's proposal with the Company's plan is therefore largely irrelevant. Staff further argues, however, that even if the Commission were to consider such a comparison, Arizona-American's plan is superior, both in design and from a financial standpoint. Staff points out that as of the date of the hearing, MWD's proposal lacked specific detail, even as to its proposed size, and that plans for MWD's proposed plant were not available in any firm form. In contrast, Arizona-American's proposal for a 13.5 MGD plant, consisting of three trains at 6.67 MGD each, has already been designed, competitively bid, and awarded to the lowest bidder. Staff argues that because MWD's proposal lacks specifics and has not been finalized, financial comparison is also difficult. Regarding financing costs, Staff states that the range of interest rates from 3 1/2 to 5

percent that MWD claims are available to it would in any event be more expensive than the Company's proposed hook-up fee financing, which is regarded as zero cost capital (See Tr. at 647-648). In further support of its position, Staff points to the inability of MWD's financial witness to ascertain that the figures he was given to use as inputs to calculate the rates MWD would charge for water treatment are the actual figures MWD would use in its business dealings with the water companies or with its customers (See Tr. at 368-369).

Staff is recommending approval of the Company's requested relief, based on its evaluation of the Company's application and Staff's determination that Arizona-American's proposal for constructing and financing the plant is a viable proposal. Staff does not believe that it would be appropriate for the Commission to make a determination regarding whether Arizona-American or MWD should build the regional plant. However, Staff recommends that in the event the Commission were to follow MWD's suggestion to compare cost estimates and somehow "allow" only one plant to be built, Arizona-American's application should also be approved, based on Staff's evaluation that the evidence supports the plant being built by Arizona-American.

III. **ANALYSIS**

No party disputes that MWD is, as it describes itself, "a critical link in the water supply of the west valley region," or that MWD has provided excellent and low cost service for many years. The Commission respects MWD's record of service to its landowners and its continued commitment to its landowners through its ownership of the Beardsley Canal, creation of Lake Pleasant, and ownership of Agua Fria surface water rights.

In the context of this case, however, MWD's speculations regarding the costs of the two "competing" plans for surface water treatment plants are not helpful to our determination whether it serves the public interest to approve Arizona-American's financing proposal. As RUCO states in its reply brief, Arizona-American is not requesting authority to build the plant. The request before us is a narrow one. Arizona-American seeks a grant of authority to institute a method of financing the construction of the White Tanks Project. In no small part due to MWD's participation in this proceeding, we have before us a record that clearly demonstrates the reasonableness and viability of Arizona-American's proposal for constructing and financing the White Tanks Project.

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No party to this proceeding disagrees with MWD that it has a long history of low utility rates, a public purpose of serving the landowners of MWD, and a democratic structure. MWD argues that these factors demonstrate that MWD would not charge Arizona-American rates for treatment services higher than Arizona-American's cost of service. However, we must take into consideration the facts that MWD's purpose and duty is to serve not Arizona-American's ratepayers, but its landowners, and that MWD is governed by an elected board not subject to the Commission's jurisdiction. In contrast to MWD's duty to its landowners and self-governance structure, Arizona-American is a public service corporation with a legal duty to provide adequate service to its customers at reasonable rates, while subject to the Commission's ratemaking and regulatory authority. MWD is not subject to the same legal obligations regarding rates as Arizona-American. In addition, there is no contractual agreement in place to assure either the Company or the Commission of a firm price that MWD would charge for treatment services. We acknowledge MWD's argument that Arizona-American likewise has not provided MWD a firm treatment price. However, the ramifications of the lack of a firm price differ for a non-regulated versus a regulated entity. While the Commission has ongoing oversight over Arizona-American's facilities and services, if MWD's service rates were to increase in the future, neither the Commission nor Arizona-American's ratepayers would have a means of insuring the reasonableness of the rates.

MWD's assertions and arguments do not provide a basis for denial of Arizona-American's request or for the grant of any of the relief requested by MWD, with the exception of MWD's recommendation that hook-up fees should be subject to refund, should the Commission determine that lower fees are appropriate. Similarly, Arizona-American's arguments and assertions do not provide a basis for a finding that it would be imprudent for Arizona-American to purchase treatment services from MWD. Ultimately, it is Arizona American's business decision whether to build its own facility or purchase treatment services from MWD. As with all business decisions of regulated utilities, the prudence of the Company's decision will be subject to examination, if necessary, in a future rate proceeding.

IV. CONCLUSION

Arizona-American is a public service corporation. As a regulated utility, it has an obligation

to provide water utility service to its customers at reasonable rates. The Company has demonstrated a need to build the proposed plant and has presented a sound plan by which to finance its construction.

We find that it is in the public interest to approve Arizona-American's requests for approval of an increase to its existing Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee, for accounting orders, and for 2008 rate case filing requirements. The record evidence in this proceeding supports approval. We need not, and do not, make a determination here regarding the superiority of one party's plan for a surface water treatment plant over another, or regarding the Company's prudence in exercising its chosen option.

* * * * * * *

Having considered the entire record herein and being fully advised in the premises, the Commission finds, concludes, and orders that:

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Arizona-American is a public service corporation engaged in providing water and wastewater utility services to the public in portions of Maricopa, Mohave, and Santa Cruz Counties, Arizona, pursuant to various Certificates of Convenience and Necessity ("CC&Ns") granted to Arizona-American and its predecessors in interest. The Company presently provides utility service to approximately 100,000 water customers and 50,000 sewer customers in Arizona.
- 2. Arizona-American's Agua Fria District is located in the developing western Phoenix metropolitan area between the White Tank Mountains and the 101 Expressway, mostly to the north of Interstate 10.
- 3. On October 11, 2005, Arizona-American filed the above-captioned application with the Commission.
- 4. By Procedural Order issued December 19, 2005, a procedural schedule was set for the processing of the application, which included a hearing on the application, public notice requirements, and intervention deadlines.
 - 5. Intervention was granted to RUCO by Procedural Order issued January 10, 2006.
- 6. On January 23, 2006, the Company filed a Confirmation of Mailing and Affidavit of Publication indicating that public notice of the hearing was accomplished in accordance with the

requirements set forth in the December 19, 2005, Procedural Order.

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2005 application.

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Also on February 10, 2006, Staff filed a Staff Report on the October, 2005 application. 8.

On February 10, 2006, RUCO filed Direct Testimony of its witness on the October,

- 9. On March 2, 2006, a Pre-Hearing Conference convened at the time set by the December 19, 2005, Procedural Order.
- By Procedural Order issued March 2, 2006, the Company's request that the procedural 10. schedule in this matter be suspended, due to issues that had arisen between the Company and MWD, was granted.
- 11. On September 1, 2006, after the filing of several status reports, and following a Procedural Conference held on August 1, 2006, the Company filed a Revised Application in this docket.
- On September 14, 2006, a Telephonic Procedural Conference was held for the purpose 12. of discussing the appropriate process for a Commission determination in this docket. The Company, RUCO and Staff attended. The parties agreed to confer and either jointly file a proposed procedural schedule, or file separate proposals in the event no agreement was reached.
- On September 25, 2006, Staff filed a Joint Request for a Procedural Order on behalf of 13. Staff, RUCO, and the Company. The Joint Request stated that the parties did not believe, at that time, that an evidentiary hearing was necessary. The Joint Request proposed that Staff file a Staff Report and Staff Recommended Order by October 27, 2006; that the Company and RUCO file responses to the filing by November 6, 2006; and that if there were disputed issues, that a Recommended Opinion and Order be prepared by the Hearing Division.
- 14. On October 5, 2006, a Procedural Order was issued generally adopting the parties' recommendations, and stating that the Hearing Division or the Commission might determine that additional information or a hearing may be required in this matter prior to a Commission Decision.
- 15. On October 27, 2006, Staff filed a Staff Report and Staff Recommended Order, recommending approval of the Company's proposed hook-up fee and accounting order as requested in the Revised Application.

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- Between October 23, 2006 and December 6, 2006, Applications to Intervene in this 16. proceeding were filed by Pulte, CHI, Courtland, Taylor Woodrow, Trend, Fulton, Suburban and Westcor/Surprise. These parties were all granted intervention.
 - On November 8, 2006, MWD filed an Application for Leave to Intervene. 17.
- On November 29, 2006, the Company filed a Request for Expedited Hearing. In that 18. filing, the Company withdrew its prior opposition to MWD's Application for Leave to Intervene. The Company's Request included a list of issues for hearing and a proposed hearing schedule.
 - Intervention was granted to the Developers and MWD. 19.
- On December 13, 2006, a Procedural Order was issued setting a Prehearing 20. Conference for December 21, 2006.
- 21. A Pre-Hearing Conference was held as scheduled on December 21, 2006. Arizona-American, MWD, CHI, Courtland, Taylor/Woodrow, Fulton, RUCO and Staff appeared through counsel and discussed several procedural matters relating to the hearing. The parties also addressed the possibility of settling some disputed issues, and were informed of the necessity of providing notice and an opportunity for participation of all parties in any settlement discussions that might be held.
- 22. On December 21, 2006, a Procedural Order was issued setting a hearing for March 19, 2007, and setting associated procedural deadlines.
- 23. On January 11, 2007, the Company filed an Affidavit of Publication verifying that notice of this proceeding was published in accord with the requirements of the December 21, 2006 Procedural Order.
- 24. Between January 22, 2007 and March 12, 2007, the parties prefiled Direct, Rebuttal, and Surrebuttal testimonies.
 - 25. On March 14, 2007, Arizona-American filed an Objection to Data Requests.
- 26. On March 14, 2007, MWD filed a Motion to Strike and Alternative Motion for Expedited Discovery.
 - 27. On March 15, 2007, Arizona-American filed its Response to Motion to Strike.
 - 28. The hearing in this matter convened as scheduled on March 19, 2007, before an

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authorized Administrative Law Judge of the Commission, and concluded on March 26, 2007. At the hearing, MWD withdrew its Motion to Strike based on the Company's agreement to provide data responses to MWD. The parties appeared through counsel, presented testimony, and cross-examined

4 witnesses.

- 29. On March 28, 2007, MWD filed Late-Filed Exhibits D-52 and D-53.
- 30. Arizona-American, Pulte, Trend, CHI, Courtland, Taylor/Woodrow, Fulton, Suburban, Westcor, MWD, RUCO, and Staff filed closing briefs.
- 31. On April 27, 2007, reply briefs were filed by Arizona-American, CHI, Courtland, Taylor/Woodrow, Trend, MWD, and RUCO.
 - 32. On April 30, 2007, Arizona-American filed a Supplement to Reply Brief.
- 33. Arizona-American requests authorization to record post-in-service AFUDC on the excess of the construction cost of the White Tanks Project (including development, site acquisition, design, company labor, overheads, and AFUDC) over the amount of directly related hook-up fees collected through December 31, 2013, or the date that rates become effective subsequent to a rate case that includes 80 percent (based on estimated cost) of the White Tanks Project in rate base, whichever comes first.
- 34. Arizona-American requests authorization to exclude from rate base the contribution balance of hook-up fees directly related to the White Tanks Project collected subsequent to the effective date of a decision in this case over the aggregate of (1) construction expenditures (including development, site acquisition, design, company labor, overheads, and AFUDC) for the same period that are included in rate base and (2) any costs deemed imprudently incurred from contributions used to calculate rate base until December 31, 2013. The Company's wording "contribution balance of hook-up fees directly related to the White Tanks Project" seems to presume that there may be, at some future date, a balance of hook-up fees that is directly related to the White Tanks Project, but that is not part of the "contribution balance." While the Company may propose, at some future date, some mechanism which may result in such a balance of hook-up fees, there is no such proposal pending, and no Commission determination on such a proposal. Our approval of the Company's request for an accounting order herein should not be viewed as a pre-determination of any future

- 35. Arizona-American requests that the Commission require Arizona-American, as part of its 2008 Agua Fria rate case filing, to include a proposal to adjust the Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff, based on information known to that date, including:

1) Actual to-date and remaining plant costs;

2) The effects of any third-party treatment contracts;

3) Actual hook-up fee collections;

4) Revised projected customer additions and meter preferences; and

5) Future Agua Fria Water District capital requirements.

36. Arizona-American requests that the Commission require Arizona-American, as part of its 2008 Agua Fria rate case filing, to include a proposed mechanism, similar to the Commission's ACRM procedure, to defer and subsequently recover O&M expense incurred for the White Tanks

Project until such expenses can be placed in base rates.

37. It is in the public interest to approve Arizona-American's requests for accounting orders.

38. It is in the public interest to authorize, but not require, Arizona-American to make the 2008 rate case filings it requests.

39. Several of the Developers have paid hook-up fees to Arizona-American under Arizona-American's existing Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff for development projects.

40. It is reasonable to require Arizona-American to charge developers for hook-up fees in accordance with the tariffs in effect at the time payment of such fees is required pursuant to the terms of the applicable LXA.

41. It is reasonable to require that any true-up of hook-up fees which were paid prior to the effective date of the new Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff approved by this Decision be based on the hook-up fee tariff in effect at the time the hook-up fee payment was made.

42. There is a need for a coordinated potable groundwater procurement program in the Agua Fria District. Accordingly, in order to preserve groundwater resources, as well as to negate the necessity and expense of having additional and possibly redundant wells drilled in the Agua Fria

District, it is reasonable to require Arizona-American, as the certificated water service provider in the area, to coordinate with all interested parties in a regional planning process to address groundwater issues in conjunction with the construction of a surface water treatment plant.

- 43. It is reasonable to require Arizona-American to address the water supply issues raised by the Developers, in the manner set forth in the Ordering Paragraphs below.
- 44. The Company requests, and Staff recommends approval of, the following Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff:

Meter Size	
5/8 x 3/4-inch	\$ 3,280
3/4-inch	4,920
1-inch	8,200
1 1/2-inch	16,400
2-inch	26,240
3-inch	52,480
4-inch	82,000
6-inch or larger	164,000

- 45. RUCO recommends approval of a Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff which would collect higher fees, beginning with \$4,700 for a 5/8 by 3/4-inch meter, because higher fees would result in smaller AFUDC accruals.
- 46. We find the Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff recommended by the Company and Staff to be reasonable, and will adopt it.
- 47. It is in the public interest to approve Arizona-American's request for authorization to implement the Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff as discussed herein as a means of financing the White Tanks Project.
- A hook-up fee tariff has already been approved for the Agua Fria District in Decision No. 66512 (November 10, 2003). The funds received from the proposed hook-up fees will be separately recorded as CIAC, and therefore Arizona-American will not be entitled to earn a return on the hook-up fees. As such, the hook-up fee funds are revenue neutral and will not increase or decrease the Company's revenues or expenses. Hook-up fees accounted for as CIAC are analogous to funds received from main extension agreements with developers that are treated as advances in aid of construction ("AIAC"). Since no fair value determination is made with respect to AIAC funds, a fair value finding is not required for hook-up fees booked as CIAC.

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- 49. MWD makes a claim that Arizona-American is violating its current hook-up fee tariff. MWD's claim was raised for the first time on brief, and is therefore not properly addressed in this proceeding, which was not noticed as a complaint.
- 50. The record in this proceeding does not support denial of Arizona-American's requested relief as proposed by MWD.
- It is appropriate, reasonable, and in the public interest to require that hook-up fees 51. collected under the Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff approved herein should be subject to refund, should the Commission determine in a future proceeding that lower fees are appropriate.
- 52. The record in this proceeding does not support the grant of any other relief requested by MWD.
- 53. The record in this proceeding does not support the request by Pulte to require Arizona-American to institute a blanket policy of offsetting hook-up fees by the cost of contributed off-site facilities. Pulte is not precluded from raising this issue in either an informal or a formal dispute resolution process available at the Commission.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- Arizona-American is a public service corporation within the meaning of Article XV of 1. the Arizona Constitution and A.R.S. §§ 40-281, 40-282, 40-301 and 302.
- 2. The Commission has jurisdiction over Arizona-American and the subject matter of the application.
 - 3. Notice of the application was given in accordance with the law.
- 4. Under the circumstances of this case, and pursuant to Article XV, §§ 3 and 14 of the Arizona Constitution, Arizona-American's proposed Water Facilities Hook-Up Fees, which will be booked as contributions in aid of construction, do not constitute rates that require a fair value determination prior to approval.
- 5. Under the circumstances of this case, and pursuant to Article XV §§ 3 and 14 of the Arizona Constitution, it is just, reasonable, and serves the public interest to approve the new Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff as a means of financing the proposed White Tanks Project in accord with the discussion herein.

ORDER

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the application of Arizona-American Water Company for authority to implement a Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff in accord with the discussion herein as a means of financing the White Tanks Project shall be, and hereby is, approved.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that funds collected pursuant to the Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff approved herein are subject to refund in the event that the Commission determines in a future proceeding that lower fees are appropriate.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that with the exception of the preceding Ordering Paragraph, which partially grants relief requested by the Maricopa County Municipal Water District Number One, the relief requested by the Maricopa County Municipal Water District Number One shall be, and hereby is, denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Decision does not predetermine the appropriateness of any modifications proposed in the future to the Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff approved herein.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Arizona-American Water Company's request for authorization to record post-in-service allowance for funds used during construction on the excess of the construction cost of the White Tanks Project (including development, site acquisition, design, company labor, overheads, and allowance for funds used during construction) over directly related hook-up fees collected through December 31, 2013, or the date that rates become effective subsequent to a rate case that includes 80 percent (based on estimated cost) of the White Tanks Project in rate base, whichever comes first, shall be, and hereby is, approved.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Arizona-American Water Company's request for authorization to exclude from rate base the contribution balance of hook-up fees directly related to the White Tanks Project collected subsequent to the effective date of this Decision over the aggregate of (1) construction expenditures (including development, site acquisition, design, company labor, overheads, and allowance for funds used during construction) for the same period that are included in rate base and (2) any costs deemed imprudently incurred from contributions used to calculate rate base until December 31, 2013, shall be, and hereby is, approved.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Arizona-American Water Company is hereby authorized to

file, as part of its 2008 Agua Fria Water District rate case filing, a proposal to adjust the Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff approved herein. If such a proposal is filed, it shall include information necessary to allow the Commission to adjust the Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff as necessary, based on the best information available at the time, including, but not limited to, the following:

- 1) Actual to-date and remaining plant costs;
- 2) The effects of any third-party treatment contracts;
- 3) Actual hook-up fee collections;
- 4) Revised projected customer additions and meter preferences; and
- 5) Future Agua Fria Water District capital requirements.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Arizona-American is hereby authorized to file, as part of its 2008 Agua Fria Water District rate case filing, a proposed mechanism to defer and subsequently recover Operations and Maintenance Expense incurred for the White Tanks Project until such expenses can be placed in base rates.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Decision does not predetermine the necessity for or the appropriateness of any mechanism proposed in the future by Arizona-American Water Company for recovery of Operations and Maintenance Expense incurred for the White Tanks Project.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the request by Pulte Homes Corporation to require Arizona-American Water Company to institute a blanket policy of offsetting hook-up fees by the cost of contributed off-site facilities shall be, and hereby is, denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Arizona-American Water Company shall charge developers for hook-up fees in accordance with the tariffs in effect at the time payment of such fees is required pursuant to the terms of the applicable line extension agreement.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that any true-up of hook-up fees which were paid prior to the effective date of the new Water Facilities Hook-Up Fee Tariff approved by this Decision shall be based on the hook-up fee tariff in effect at the time the hook-up fee payment was made.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Arizona-American Water Company shall be, and hereby is, precluded from instituting a new service moratorium on the initial hook-ups in circumstances where

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pursuant to a line extension agreement.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Arizona-American Water Company shall review its existing line extension agreements in the Agua Fria Water District that require developers to drill new wells, in order to determine whether it is feasible to amend those line extension agreements to reduce the number of required wells, in cooperation with the parties to those line extension agreements.

the developer has supplied the required water to serve the increased demand of a new project

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, in conjunction with the review of line extension agreements required by the previous Ordering Paragraph, Arizona-American Water Company shall consider whether there exist less costly alternatives for the utility and the developers to supply water for new developments in order to minimize and otherwise supplant the number of new wells that will need to be drilled in the Agua Fria District. In the course of this review, Arizona-American Water Company shall consider a proposed 3.5 mile contingency pipeline alternative in relation to the requirement for new wells to be drilled in the southern portion of the Agua Fria District.

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DECISION NO. _____

DOCKET NO. W-01303A-05-0718

1	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Arizona-American Water Company shall use its best			
2	efforts to coordinate with all interested parties, including the Maricopa County Municipal Water			
3	District Number One, in a regional planning process to obtain both short-term and permanent water			
4	supplies to negate, where possible, the need to drill additional wells during construction of a regional			
5	surface water treatment plant to serve the Agua Fria Water District.			
6	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Decision shall become effective immediately.			
7	BY ORDER OF THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION.			
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10	CHAIRMAN COMMISSIONER			
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12	COMMISSIONER COMMISSIONER COMMISSIONER			
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14	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, DEAN S. MILLER, Interim Executive Director of the Arizona Corporation Commission,			
15	have hereunto set my hand and caused the official seal of the Commission to be affixed at the Capitol, in the City of Phoenix,			
16	this day of, 2007.			
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18	DEAN S. MILLER INTERIM EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR			
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20	DISSENT			
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22	DISSENT			
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	31 DECISION NO			

ARIZONA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY SERVICE LIST FOR: 2 W-01303A-05-0718 DOCKET NO .: 3 Craig A. Marks CRAIG A. MARKS PLC 3420 E. Shea Blvd, Suite 200 Phoenix, AZ 85028 5 Attorney for Arizona-American Water Co. 6 Scott S. Wakefield, Chief Counsel **RUCO** 1110 West Washington, Ste. 220 Phoenix, AZ 85007 Sheryl A. Sweeney Michele L. Van Quathem RYLEY CARLOCK & APPLEWHITE, PA 10 One North Central Ave., Ste. 1200 Phoenix, AZ 85004 11 Attorneys for Pulte Homes Corporation 12 Jeffrey W. Crockett Bradley S. Carroll 13 SNELL & WILMER, LLP 400 East Van Buren 14 Phoenix, AX 85004 Attorneys for CHI Construction Company, Inc., 15 Courtland Homes, Inc., and Taylor Woodrow/ Arizona Inc., and Fulton Homes Corporation 16 Michael W. Patten 17 Timothy J. Sabo ROSHKA, DEWULF & PATTEN 18 One Arizona Center 400 E. Van Buren, Suite 800 19 Phoenix, AZ 85004 Attorneys for Maricopa County Municipal Water 20 Conservation District Number One David M. Paltzik **GREENBERG TRAURIG** 2735 E. Camelback Rd., Ste. 700 Phoenix, AZ 85016 23 Attorneys for Trend Homes, Inc. 24 Franklyn D. Jeans **BEUS GILBERT** 25 4800 N. Scottsdale Rd., Ste. 6000 Scottsdale, AZ 85251 26 Attorneys for Suburban Land Reserve, Inc. 27

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9	Utilities Division ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION
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